

#1 Algebra II Classwork Quadratic Inequalities

Name _____ 1/_____/15

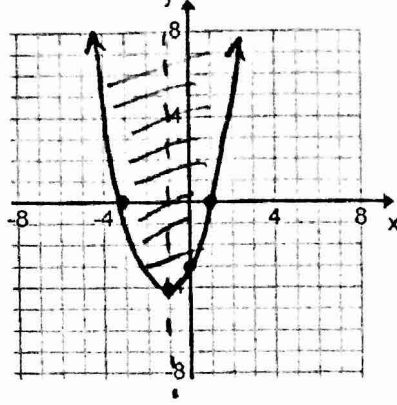
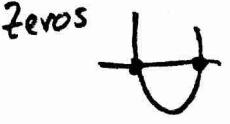
vertex form

1A. $y \geq (x+1)^2 - 4$
Vertex: $(-1, -4)$

Axis/symm: $x = -1$

y-intercept: $y = -3$

roots: $-3, 1$



standard

2A. $y > -2x^2 - 12x - 10$

Vertex: $(-3, 8)$

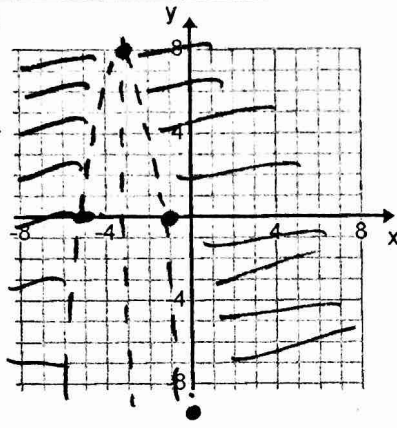
Axis/symm: $x = -3$

y-intercept: -10

roots: $-1, -5$

$\frac{12}{2(-2)} = \frac{12}{-4} = -3$

$-2(-3) - 12(-3) - 10 = 8$

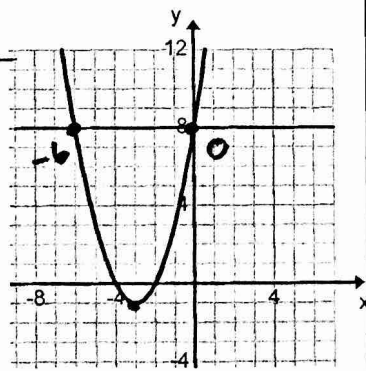


3A. Vertex: $(-3, -1)$

Axis of symm: $x = -3$

y-intercept: 8

roots: $-4, -2$



A) $f(x) \leq 8$

Solution: $-6 \leq x \leq 0$

B) $f(x) \geq 8$

Solution: $x \leq -6$ or $x \geq 0$

B

#1 Algebra II Classwork Quadratic Inequalities

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B. $y > -(x-3)^2 + 4$

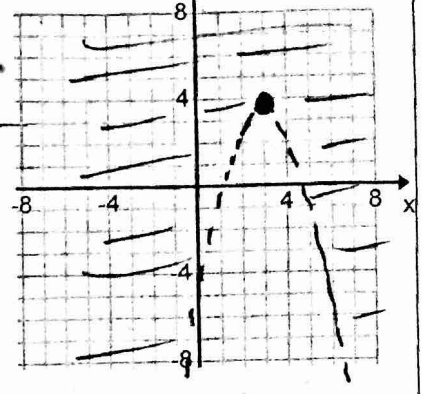
Vertex: $(3, 4)$

Axis of symm: $x = 3$

y-intercept: -5

roots: $5, 1$

$0 > -(0-3)^2 + 4$
 $-(9) + 4$
 $-9 + 4 = -5$
 $0 > -5$



2B. $y \geq x^2 - 2x - 3$

Vertex: $(1, -4)$

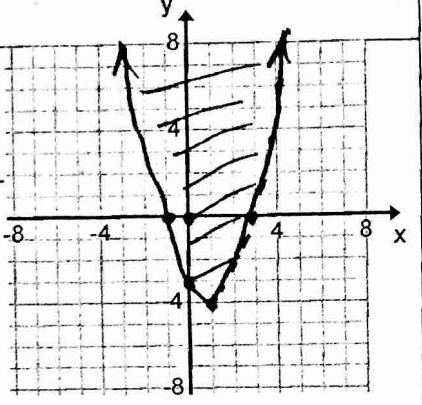
Axis/symm: $x = 1$

y-intercept: -3

roots: $-1, 3$

$\frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{2}{2(1)} = \frac{2}{2} = 1$

$(1)^2 - 2(1) - 3 = -4$
 $1 - 2 - 3 = -4$



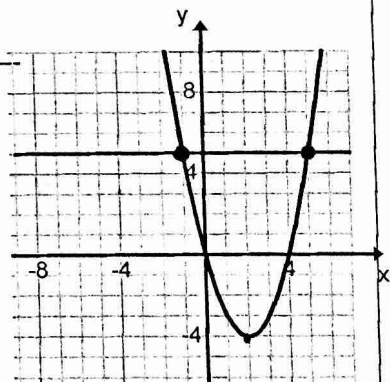
$0 \geq (0)^2 - 2(0) - 3$
 $0 \geq -3$

3B. Vertex: $(2, -4)$

Axis of symm: $x = 2$

y-intercept: 0

roots: $0, 4$



A) $f(x) \geq 5$

Solution: $x \leq -1$ or $x \geq 5$

B) $f(x) \leq 5$

Solution: $-1 \leq x \leq 5$

4B. Vertex: -3 | 1

Axis of symm: x = -3

y-intercept: 10

roots: none

$y_1 = x^2 + 6x + 10$

$y_2 = 5$

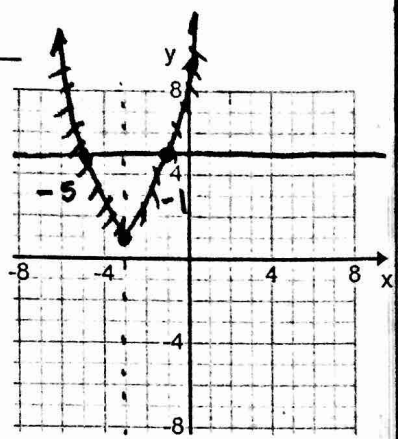
A) $x^2 + 6x + 10 < 5$

Solution: -5 < x < -1

$\frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{-6}{2} = -3 \rightarrow (-3)^2 + 6(-3) + 10$
 $9 - 18 + 10 = 1$

B) $x^2 + 6x + 10 > 5$

Solution: x < -5 or x > -1



4A. Vertex: (-2, -2)

Axis of symm: x = -2

y-intercept: 0

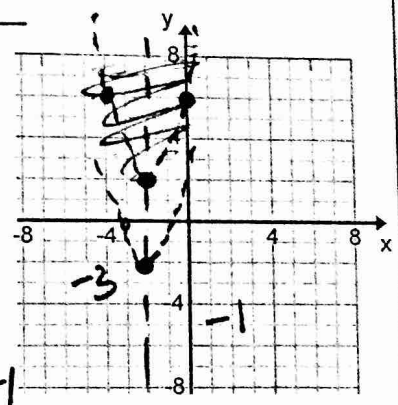
roots: 0 or -4

$y_1 = 2x^2 + 8x$

$y_2 = -6$

A) $2x^2 + 8x > -6$

Solution: x < -3 or x > -1



$2x^2 + 8x + 6 = 0$
 $\frac{-8}{2(2)} = \frac{-8}{4} = -2$
 $2(-2)^2 + 8(-2) + 6$
 $8 - 16 + 6 = -2$

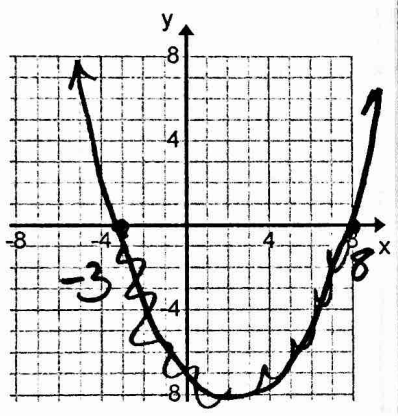
B) $2x^2 + 8x < -6$

Solution: -3 < x < -1

5B.

A) $x^2 - 5x - 24 \leq 0$

Solution: -3 ≤ x ≤ 8

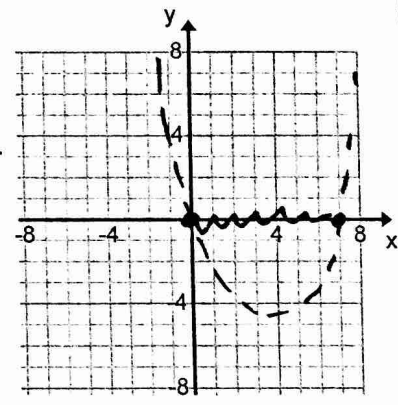


5A.

A) $x^2 + 7x + 6 < 6$

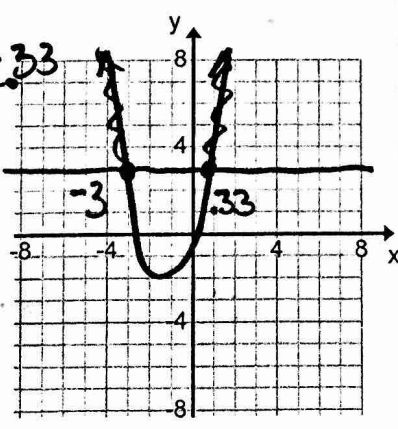
Solution: 0 < x < 7

$x^2 + 7x < 0$
 $x(x+7) < 0$
 $x = 0 \quad x = -7$



6B. A) $3x^2 + 8x \geq 3$

Solution: x ≤ -3 or x ≥ 3.33



6A. A) $x^2 - 14 \geq 4$

Solution: x ≤ -4.25 or x ≥ 4.25

$x^2 - 18 \geq 0$

