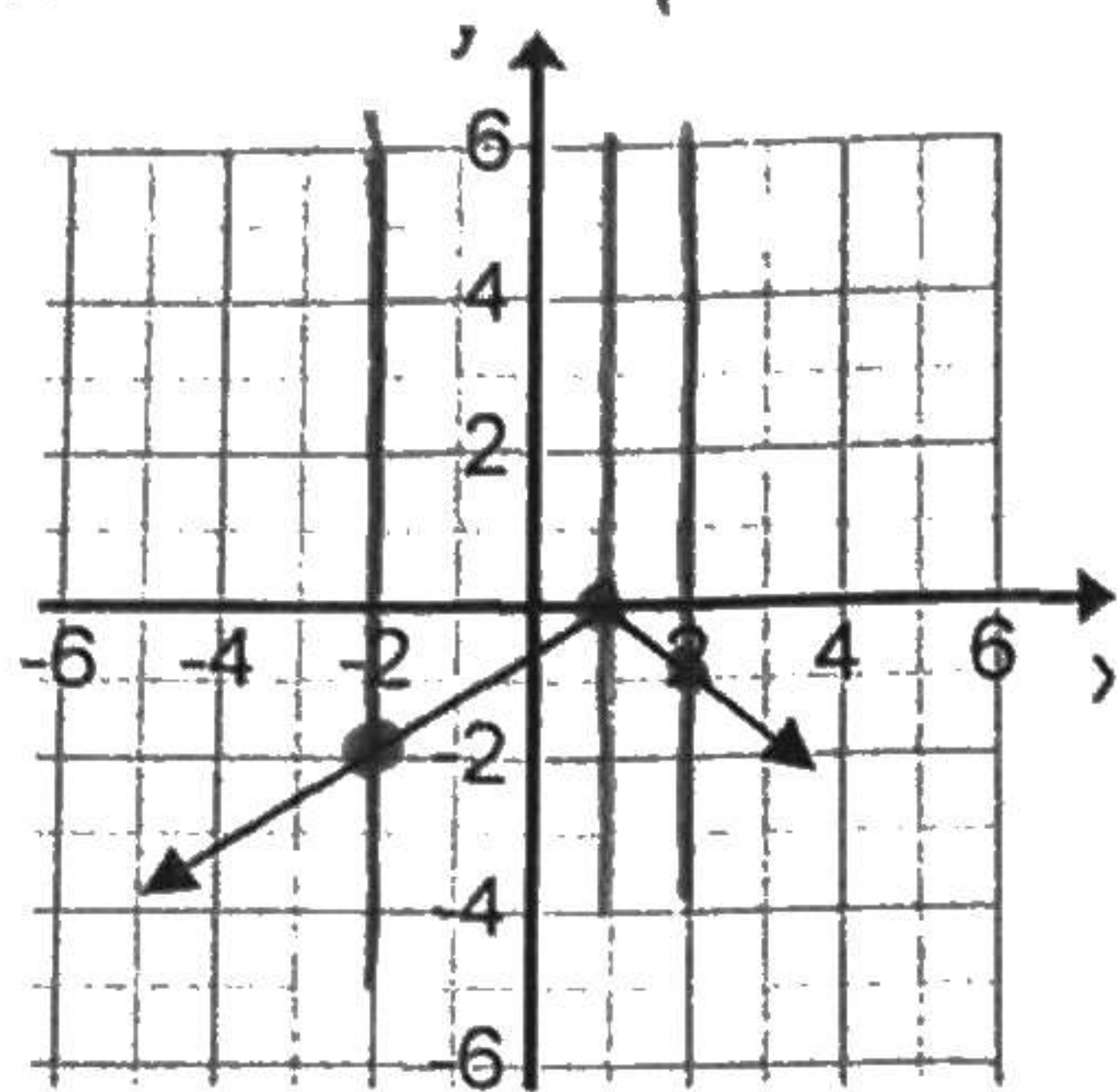


#3 Name Key

Use the Vertical Line Test (VLT) to determine if the relations are functions, then state the Domain and Range.

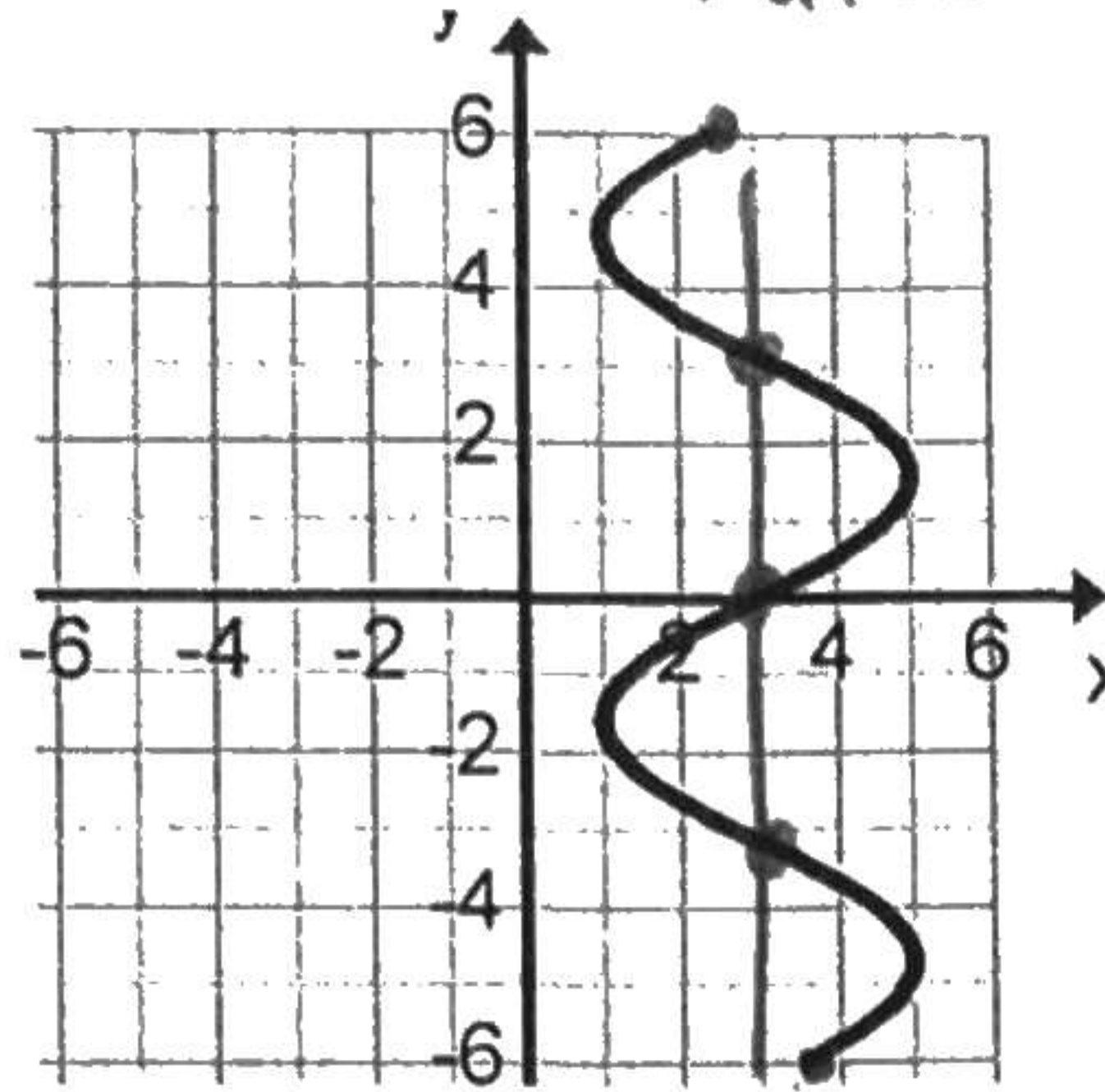
16. passes VLT



Just Relation or Function

D: \mathbb{R} R: $y \geq -4$

17. Fails VLT



Just Relation or Function

D: $1 \leq x \leq 5$ R: $-6 \leq y \leq 6$

18. $\{(-2, 4), (-2, 2), (0, 0), (1, -4)\}$

Just Relation or Function x's repeat

D: $\{-2, 0, 1\}$ R: $\{-4, 0, 2, 4\}$

19. from the model of car to car's ID number.

Just Relation or Function

D: car model R: ID #s

20. from dates James took math test to his test score

Just Relation or Function

D: Date R: Score

For each function, evaluate $f(-2)$, $f(0)$, $f\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)$. SHOW THE CORRECT NOTATION!!

20. $f(x) = -4x + 2$

$$f(-2) = -4(-2) + 2$$

$$8 + 2$$

$$\boxed{f(-2) = 10}$$

$$f(0) = -4(0) + 2$$

$$0 + 2$$

$$\boxed{f(0) = 2}$$

$$f\left(\frac{3}{2}\right) = -4\left(\frac{3}{2}\right) + 2$$

$$-6 + 2$$

$$\boxed{f\left(\frac{3}{2}\right) = -4}$$

21. $f(x) = x^2 - 3$

$$f(-2) = (-2)^2 - 3$$

$$= 4 - 3$$

$$\boxed{f(-2) = 1}$$

$$f(0) = (0)^2 - 3$$

$$= 0 - 3$$

$$\boxed{f(0) = -3}$$

$$f\left(\frac{3}{2}\right) = \left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^2 - 3$$

$$\frac{9}{4} - 3$$

$$\boxed{f\left(\frac{3}{2}\right) = -\frac{3}{4}}$$

22. $f(x) = \frac{x}{2} + 1$

$$f(-2) = \frac{-2}{2} + 1$$

$$= -1 + 1$$

$$\boxed{f(-2) = 0}$$

$$f(0) = \frac{0}{2} + 1$$

$$= 0 + 1$$

$$\boxed{f(0) = 1}$$

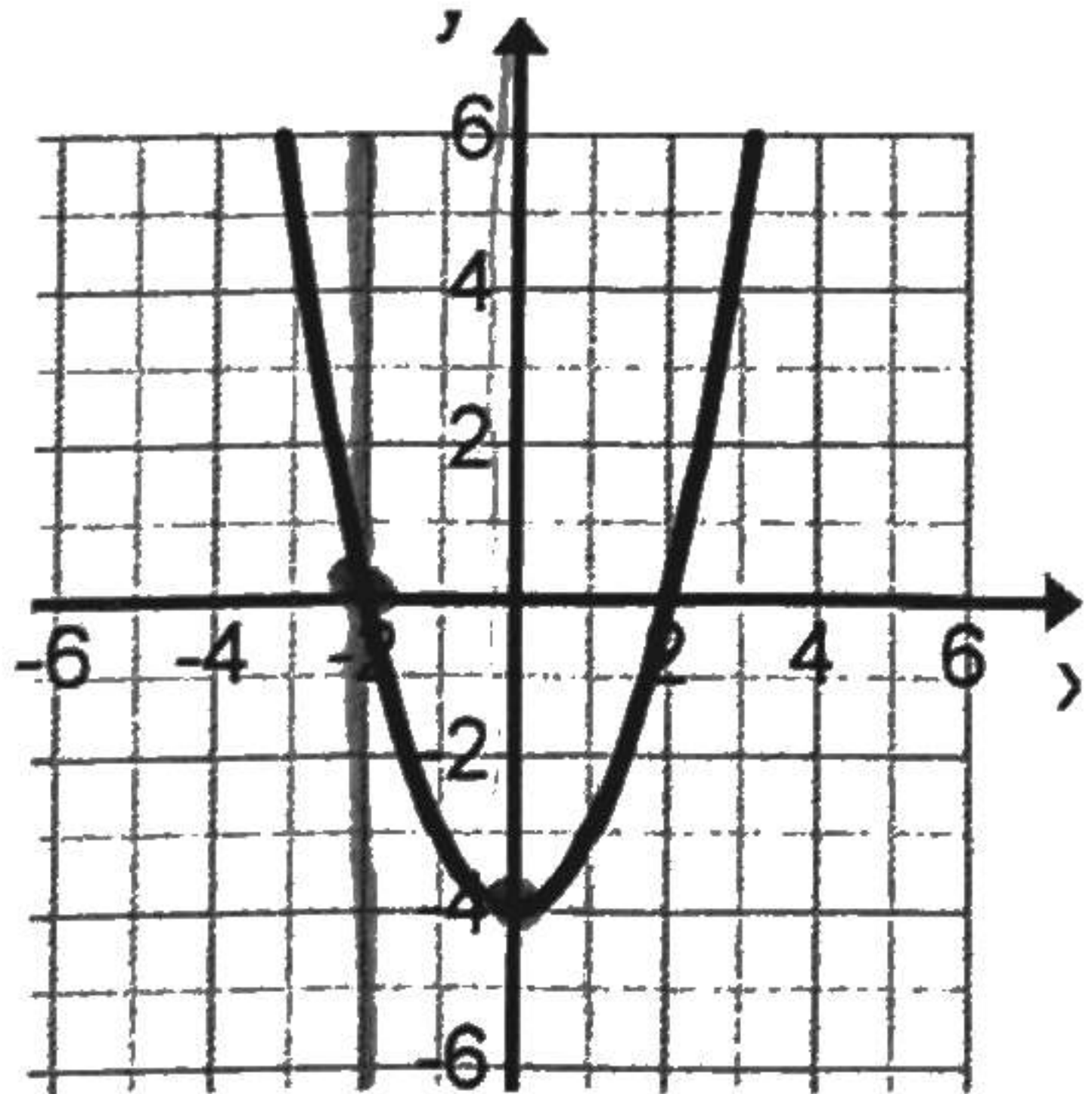
$$f\left(\frac{3}{2}\right) = \frac{3/2}{2} + 1$$

$$= \frac{3}{4} + 1$$

$$f\left(\frac{3}{2}\right) = 1.75 \text{ or } 1\frac{3}{4}$$

Evaluate each function for $f(-2)$ and $f(0)$.

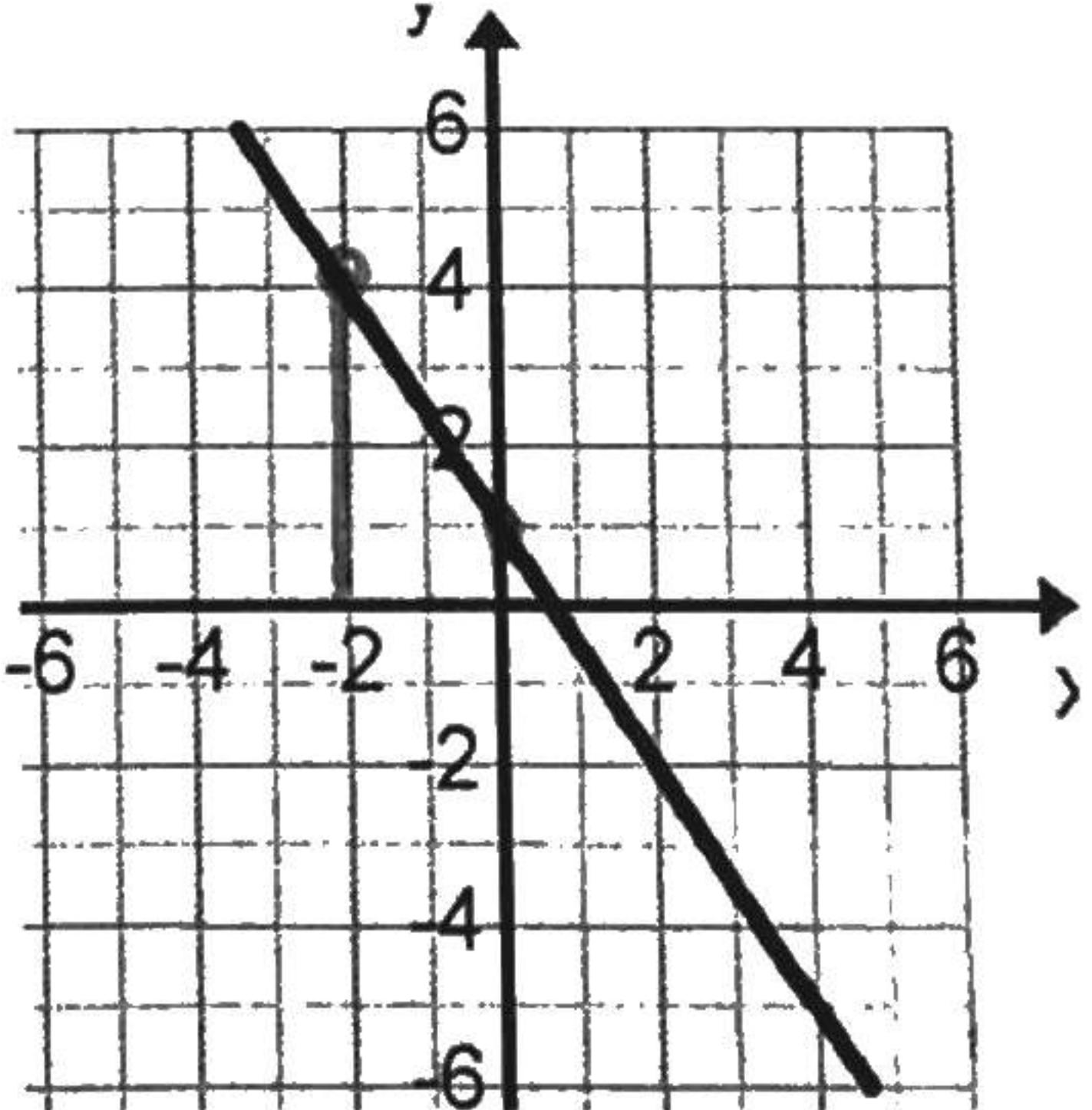
23.



$$f(-2) = 0$$

$$f(0) = -4$$

24.



$$f(-2) = 4$$

$$f(0) = 1$$